State Tax Form 97	The Commonwealth	of Massachusetts	Assessors' Use only	
Revised 11/2016			Date Received	
			Application No.	
	Name of City	or Town	Parcel Id.	
F	ISCAL YEAR APPLIC	RS 65 AND OLDER CATION FOR PROPERTY Chapter 59, § 5, CLAUSE 41		
		NOT OPEN TO PUBLIC INSPECTAL Laws Chapter 59, § 60)	CTION	
_		Retu	rn to: Board of Assessors	
_		after actual (not pr if later. Tax Deferra (Form 97-1) must a	assessors on or before April 1, or 3 months reliminary) tax bills are mailed for fiscal year al and Recovery Agreement accompany application unless already on ith interest in property remain the same.	
<u> </u>	plete all sections fully. Please p	print or type.		
. IDENTIFICATION.		Monital Cta	- Luca	
Name of Applicant:			Marital Status:	
Telephone Number			Date of birth	
Legal residence (domicile) on July 1,		Mailing address (if different)		
No. Street Location of property:	City/Town	Zip Code No. of dwel	ling units: 1 2 3 4 Other —	
	erty on July 1, and f operties you owned and/or occupie	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	☐ No ☐	
	Address	Dates	Owned Occupied	
Continue list on attachment in	same format as necessaru.			
If yes, name of city or	d any exemption in any other contownseeking to defer this year \$	Amount exc	empted \$	
	DISPOSITION OF APPL	ICATION (ASSESSORS' U	SE ONLY)	
wnership	GRANTED	Assessed Tax \$	·	
ccupancy	DENIED			
ge	DEEMED DENIED	Adjusted Tax \$		
icome			Board of Assessors	
ate Voted/Deemed De	enied			
ertificate No.				
ate Cert./Notice Sent				
are certif fromee belle		Date:		
		Daic.		

B. PERSONS WITH INTEREST IN PROPERTY.				
Did you own the property on July 1, as Sole owner Co-owner with spouse only Co-owner w Was there a mortgage on the property as of July 1,? Yes No If yes, amount due on mortgage \$ Name of mortgagee(s) Was the property subject to a life estate as of July 1,? Yes No If yes, name(s) of Remaindermen (person(s)receiving property after your death)				
Was the property subject to a trust as of July 1, Yes No If yes, please attach trust instrument including all schedules.				
C. GROSS RECEIPTS FROM ALL SOURCES IN PRECEDING CALENDAR YEAR. Co income tax returns, and other documentation, may be requested to verify your income				
	Applicant & Spouse			
Retirement Benefits (Social Security, Railroad, Federal, MA & Political Subdivisions)				
Other Pensions and Retirement Allowances				
Wages, Salaries and other Compensation				
Net Profits from Business, Profession or Property Rental				
Interest and Dividends				
Other Receipts (Capital Gains, Public Assistance, etc.).				
TOTALS				
D. SIGNATURE. Sign here to complete the application. This application has been prepared or examined by me. Under the pains and penalties best of my knowledge and belief, this return and all accompanying documents and stromplete.	1 , ,			
Signature	Date			
If signed by agent, attach copy of written authorization to sign on behalf of taxpayer.				

TAXPAYER INFORMATION ABOUT PROPERTY TAX DEFERRAL

SENIOR DEFERRAL. You may be eligible to defer payment of all or a portion of the taxes assessed on property you own and occupy as your domicile if you meet certain age, ownership, residency and income qualifications, and enter into a tax deferral agreement with the board of assessors. If you also qualify for a personal exemption, you may defer all or a portion of the remaining taxes on the property.

WHO MAY FILE AN APPLICATION. You may file an application if as of July 1 you:

- Are 65 or older,
- Owned and occupied the property as your domicile,
- Owned and occupied any property in Massachusetts as your domicile for at least 5 years,
- Lived in Massachusetts for at least the prior 10 years, and
- Have an annual income not more than \$20,000 or a locally adopted income limit. Locally adopted income
 limits cannot be more than the income limit that applies under the "circuit breaker" state tax credit for single
 seniors who are not heads of households. Your board of assessors can tell you the limit that applies in your
 community.

REPAYMENT. Unlike an exemption, a tax deferral simply allows you to postpone payment of your taxes. If you qualify, you must enter into a tax deferral agreement that requires the deferred taxes along with interest to be paid in full (1) when the property is sold or transferred, (2) upon your death, or (3) upon the death of your surviving spouse if he or she qualifies for a deferral and enters into a new tax deferral agreement. Anyone having any legal interest in the property must also approve the tax deferral agreements.

Once you have entered into a tax deferral agreement, the assessors will record a statement at the Registry of Deeds. That statement continues the lien that already exists on your property by law to ensure the payment and collection of your taxes. Once the deferred taxes are repaid, the lien is released. However, if the deferred taxes are not repaid when due, your city or town will then be able to recover the amount by foreclosing on the lien in Land Court.

INTEREST. If you qualify for a deferral in subsequent years, you may defer taxes until the amount due, including accrued interest, equals 50% of your share of the full and fair cash value of the property. Interest at an annual rate of 8%, or a locally adopted lower rate, is charged on deferred taxes until the property is sold, your death, or the death of your surviving spouse if a new agreement has been entered into. Your board of assessors can tell you the rate that applies to the taxes deferred for each fiscal year. After the property is sold or your death, the annual interest rate increases to 16% until the deferred taxes are repaid.

WHEN AND WHERE APPLICATION MUST BE FILED. Your application must be filed with the assessors on or before April 1, or 3 months after the actual bills were mailed for the fiscal year, whichever is later. An application is filed when (1) received by the assessors on or before the filing deadline, or (2) mailed by United States mail, first class postage prepaid, to the proper address of the assessors, on or before the filing deadline, as shown by a postmark made by the United States Postal Service. THIS DEADLINE CANNOT BE EXTENDED OR WAIVED BY THE ASSESSORS FOR ANY REASON. IF YOUR APPLICATION IS NOT TIMELY FILED, YOU LOSE ALL RIGHTS TO AN EXEMPTION AND THE ASSESSORS CANNOT BY LAW GRANT YOU ONE.

PAYMENT OF TAX. Filing an application does not stay the collection of your taxes. In some cases, you must pay all preliminary and actual installments of the tax when due to appeal the assessors' disposition of your application. Failure to pay the tax when due may also subject you to interest charges and collection action. To avoid any loss of rights or additional charges, you should pay the tax as assessed. If a deferral is granted and you have already paid the entire year's tax as deferred, you will receive a refund of any overpayment.

ASSESSORS DISPOSITION. Upon applying for a deferral, you may be required to provide the assessors with further information and supporting documentation to establish your eligibility. The assessors have 3 months from the date your application is filed to act on it unless you agree in writing before that period expires to extend it for a specific time. If the assessors do not act on your application within the original or extended period, it is deemed denied. You will be notified in writing whether a deferral has been granted or denied.

APPEAL. You may appeal the disposition of your application to the Appellate Tax Board, or if applicable, the County Commissioners. The appeal must be filed within 3 months of the date the assessors acted on your application, or the date your application was deemed denied, whichever is applicable. The disposition notice will provide you with further information about the appeal procedure and deadline.