

EcoTec, Inc.
ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTING SERVICES
102 Grove Street
Worcester, MA 01605-2629
508-752-9666 – Fax: 508-752-9494

May 28, 2021 (Revised July 29, 2021)

Mike Staiti
Keystone Development
910 Boston Post Road Suite 310
Marlborough MA 01752

RE: Wetland Resource Evaluation, 27 Sherman's Bridge Road, Wayland, Massachusetts

Dear Mike:

On May 14, 2021, EcoTec, Inc. inspected the above-referenced property for the presence of wetland resources as defined by: (1) the Massachusetts Wetlands Protection Act (M.G.L. Ch. 131, § 40; the "Act") and its implementing regulations (310 CMR 10.00 *et seq.*; the "Regulations"); and (2) the U.S. Clean Water Act (i.e., Section 404 and 401 wetlands). Arthur Allen, CPSS, CWS, CESSWI conducted the inspection.

The subject site consists of an approximately 8.34-acre property with a single-family house and several outbuildings. The majority of the site is upland including overgrown, partially open areas and relatively undisturbed, wooded areas. The wetland resources observed on the site are described below.

Methodology

The site was inspected, and areas suspected to qualify as wetland resources were identified. No Bordering Vegetated Wetlands or Waterways were identified on the site. An Isolated Vegetated Wetland ("IVW") was identified on the site. The boundary of IVW was delineated in accordance with Federal criteria including the 1987 "Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual" (Department of the Army, Technical Report Y-87-1), the 2012 "Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Northcentral and Northeast Region (Version 2.0)" (U.S. Army Corps of Engineers - Wetlands Regulatory Assistance Program) and the 2016 "Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States: A Guide for Identifying and Delineating Hydric Soils, Version 8.0" (U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service in cooperation with the National Technical Committee for Hydric Soils). The plant taxonomy used in this report is based on the *National List of Plant Species that Occur in Wetlands: Massachusetts* (Fish and Wildlife Service, U.S. Department of the Interior, 1988). Hydrology, soil and vegetation descriptions, recorded at a sampling transect, can be found on the attached US Army Corps of Engineers Wetland Determination Data Forms.

Findings

Wetland A consists of an Isolated Vegetated Wetland ("IVW") located in the northeasterly corner of the site. Wetland A is associated with a seasonal ponding area. Plant species observed

include red maple (*Acer rubrum*) trees and saplings; highbush blueberry (*Vaccinium corymbosum*), sweet pepperbush (*Clethra alnifolia*), buttonbush (*Cephalanthus occidentalis*), cinnamon fern (*Osmunda cinnamomea*) and sensitive fern (*Onoclea sensibilis*). Evidence of wetland hydrology, including hydric soils, high groundwater, and saturated soils were observed within the delineated wetland. Isolated wetlands are not regulated under the Act unless they qualify as Isolated Land Subject to Flooding (“ILSF”). ILSF is present if the wetland has the potential to hold at least ¼ acre-foot of water, to a depth of at least 6 inches. Engineering calculations are required to confirm the presence or absence of ILSF. If ILSF were present, the boundary would fall within the delineated IVW. A 100-foot Buffer Zone extends horizontally outward from the edge of Isolated Vegetated Wetlands under the Wayland Wetland Bylaw. There is no Buffer Zone associated with ILSF under the Act.

Bordering Land Subject to Flooding is an area that floods due to a rise in floodwaters from a bordering waterway or water body. Where flood studies have been completed, the boundary of Bordering Land Subject to Flooding is based upon flood profile data prepared by the National Flood Insurance Program. Section 10.57(2)(a)3. states that “The boundary of Bordering Land Subject to Flooding is the estimated maximum lateral extent of flood water which will theoretically result from the statistical 100-year frequency storm.” The project engineer should evaluate the most recent National Flood Insurance Program flood profile data to confirm the absence of Bordering Land Subject to Flooding on the site. Bordering Land Subject to Flooding would occur in areas where the 100-year flood elevation is located outside of or upgradient of the delineated Bordering Vegetated Wetlands or Bank boundary. Bordering Land Subject to Flooding does not have a Buffer Zone under the Act.

The Massachusetts Rivers Protection Act amended the Act to establish an additional wetland resource area: Riverfront Area. Based upon a review of the current USGS Map (attached), there are no mapped streams on or within 200-feet of the site. Furthermore, based upon observations made during the site inspection, there no unmapped streams located on within 200 feet of the site. Accordingly, except as noted above, Riverfront Area would not occur on the site. Riverfront Area does not have a Buffer Zone under the Act, but may overlap other wetland resources and their Buffer Zones.

The Regulations require that no project may be permitted that will have any adverse effect on specified habitat sites of rare vertebrate or invertebrate species, as identified by procedures set forth at 310 CMR 10.59. Based upon a review of the *Massachusetts Natural Heritage Atlas*, 14th edition, Priority Habitats and Estimated Habitats from the NHESP Interactive Viewer, valid from August 1, 2017, and Certified Vernal Pools from MassGIS, there are no Estimated Habitats [for use with the Act and Regulations (310 CMR 10.00 *et seq.*)], Priority Habitats [for use with Massachusetts Endangered Species Act (M.G.L. Ch. 131A; “MESA”) and MESA Regulations (321 CMR 10.00 *et seq.*)], or Certified Vernal Pools on or in the immediate vicinity of the site. A copy of this map is attached. There are also no mapped Potential Vernal Pools on the site. The IVW wetland has seasonal ponding characteristics although it was observed to be nearly dry at the time of my site visit on May 14th. This observation indicates that the hydroperiod of the IVW is

too short to facilitate successful reproduction of vernal pool species. Therefore, the IVW is likely not a functional vernal pool.

The reader should be aware that the regulatory authority for determining wetland jurisdiction rests with local, state, and federal authorities. A brief description of my experience and qualifications is attached. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me at any time.

Cordially,
ECOTEC, INC.

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'Arthur Allen', is positioned above the printed name.

Arthur Allen, CPSS, CWS, CESSWI
Vice President

Attachments (5, 10 pages)



EcoTec, Inc.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTING SERVICES

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Worcester, MA 01605-2629
508-752-9666 / Fax: 508-752-9494

Arthur Allen, CPSS, CWS, CESSWI
Vice President
Soil & Wetland Scientist

Arthur Allen is the Vice President of EcoTec, Inc. and has been a senior environmental scientist there since 1995. His work with EcoTec has involved wetland delineation, wildlife habitat evaluation, environmental permitting (federal, state and local), environmental monitoring, expert testimony, peer reviews, contaminated site assessment and the description, mapping and interpretation of soils. His clients have included private landowners, developers, major corporations and regulatory agencies. Prior to joining EcoTec, Mr. Allen mapped and interpreted soils in Franklin County, MA for the U.S.D.A. Natural Resources Conservation Service (formerly Soil Conservation Service) and was a research soil scientist at Harvard University's Harvard Forest. Since 1994, Mr. Allen has assisted the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection and the Massachusetts Association of Conservation Commissions as an instructor in the interpretation of soils for wetland delineation and for the Title V Soil Evaluator program.

Mr. Allen has a civil service rating as a soil scientist, an undergraduate degree in Natural Resource Studies and a graduate certificate in Soil Studies. His work on the Franklin County soil survey involved interpretation of landscape-soil-water relationships, classifying soils and drainage, and determining use and limitation of the soil units that he delineated. As a soil scientist at the Harvard Forest, Mr. Allen was involved in identifying the legacies of historical land-use in modern soil and vegetation at a number of study sites across southern New England. He has a working knowledge of the chemical and physical properties of soil and water and how these properties interact with the plants that grow on a given site. While at Harvard Forest he authored and presented several papers describing his research results which were later published. In addition to his aforementioned experience, Mr. Allen was previously employed by the Trustees of Reservations as a land manager and by the Town of North Andover, MA as a conservation commission intern.

Education:

1993-Graduate Certificate in Soil Studies, University of New Hampshire
1982-Bachelor of Science in Natural Resource Studies, University of Massachusetts

Professional Affiliations:

Certified Professional Soil Scientist (ARCPACS CPSS #22529)
New Hampshire Certified Wetland Scientist (#19)
Registered Professional Soil Scientist – Society of Soil Scientists of SNE [Board Member (2000-2006)]
Certified Erosion, Sediment & Stormwater Inspector (#965)
Massachusetts Approved Soil Evaluator (#13764)
Massachusetts Arborists Association-Certified Arborist (1982 – 1998)
New England Hydric Soils Technical Committee member
Massachusetts Association of Conservation Commissions member
Society of Wetland Scientists member

Refereed Publications:

Soil Science and Survey at Harvard Forest. A.Allen. In: Soil Survey Horizons. Vol. 36, No. 4, 1995, pp. 133-142.
Controlling Site to Evaluate History: Vegetation Patterns of a New England Sand Plain. G.Motzkin, D.Foster, A.Allen, J.Harrold, & R.Boone. In: Ecological Monographs 66(3), 1996, pp. 345-365.
Vegetation Patterns in Heterogeneous Landscapes: The Importance of History and Environment. G.Motzkin, P.Wilson, D.R.Foster & A.Allen. In: Journal of Vegetation Science 10, 1999, pp. 903-920.

USGS TOPOGRAPHIC MAP
WAYLAND, MA



National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette



71°21'43"W 42°24'4"N



0 250 500 1,000 1,500 2,000 Feet 1:6,000

Basemap: USGS National Map: Orthoimagery: Data refreshed October, 2020

Legend

SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT

SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS		Without Base Flood Elevation (BFE) Zone A, V, A99
		With BFE or Depth Zone AE, AO, AH, VE, AR
		Regulatory Floodway
OTHER AREAS OF FLOOD HAZARD		0.2% Annual Chance Flood Hazard, Areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depth less than one foot or with drainage areas of less than one square mile Zone X
		Future Conditions 1% Annual Chance Flood Hazard Zone X
		Area with Reduced Flood Risk due to Levee. See Notes. Zone X
		Area with Flood Risk due to Levee Zone D
OTHER AREAS		NO SCREEN Area of Minimal Flood Hazard Zone X
		Effective LOMRs
		Area of Undetermined Flood Hazard Zone D
GENERAL STRUCTURES		Channel, Culvert, or Storm Sewer
		Levee, Dike, or Floodwall
OTHER FEATURES		20.2 Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance Water Surface Elevation
		17.5 Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance Water Surface Elevation
		Coastal Transect
		Base Flood Elevation Line (BFE)
		Limit of Study
		Jurisdiction Boundary
OTHER FEATURES		Coastal Transect Baseline
		Profile Baseline
		Hydrographic Feature
MAP PANELS		Digital Data Available
		No Digital Data Available
		Unmapped



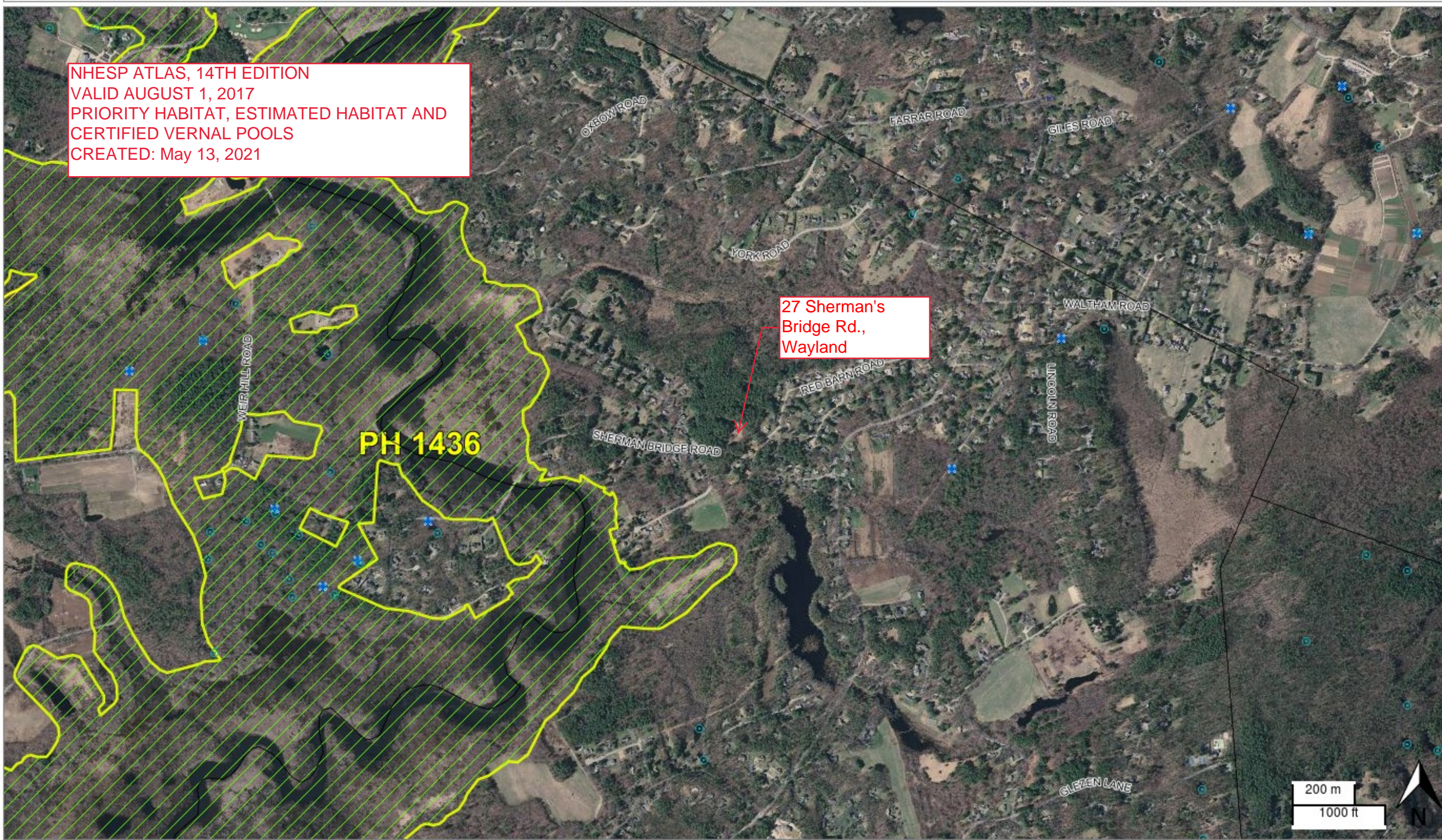
The pin displayed on the map is an approximate point selected by the user and does not represent an authoritative property location.

This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards

The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on 5/13/2021 at 3:06 PM and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or become superseded by new data over time.

This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map images for unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes.

NHESP ATLAS, 14TH EDITION
 VALID AUGUST 1, 2017
 PRIORITY HABITAT, ESTIMATED HABITAT AND
 CERTIFIED VERNAL POOLS
 CREATED: May 13, 2021



Potential Vernal Pools



NHESP Certified Vernal Pools



MassDOT Roads Street Names

Major MassDOT Routes

Interstate Highways

US Roads

State

Massachusetts Towns



NHESP Estimated Habitats of Rare



NHESP Priority Habitats of Rare



2013-2014 Color Orthos (USGS)

2015-2019 Color Orthos (USGS)

200 m

1000 ft



WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: 27 Sherman's Bridge Road City/County: Wayland Sampling Date: 5/14/2021
 Applicant/Owner: Keystone Development State: MA Sampling Point: TPU@A1
 Investigator(s): Arthur Allen, EcoTec, Inc. Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): footslope Local relief (concave, convex, none): convex Slope (%): 0
 Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR R, MLRA 144A Lat: 42.398842 Long: -71.355030 Datum: WGS 84
 Soil Map Unit Name: Hinckley Loamy Sand NWI classification: n/a

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes x No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No _____
 Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <u>X</u>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <u>X</u> If yes, optional Wetland Site ID: _____
Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <u>X</u>	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <u>X</u>	
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separate report.)	

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators: <u>Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)</u> _____ Surface Water (A1) _____ Water-Stained Leaves (B9) _____ High Water Table (A2) _____ Aquatic Fauna (B13) _____ Saturation (A3) _____ Marl Deposits (B15) _____ Water Marks (B1) _____ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) _____ Sediment Deposits (B2) _____ Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) _____ Drift Deposits (B3) _____ Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) _____ Algal Mat or Crust (B4) _____ Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) _____ Iron Deposits (B5) _____ Thin Muck Surface (C7) _____ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) _____ Other (Explain in Remarks) _____ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)		<u>Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)</u> _____ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) _____ Drainage Patterns (B10) _____ Moss Trim Lines (B16) _____ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) _____ Crayfish Burrows (C8) _____ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) _____ Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) _____ Geomorphic Position (D2) _____ Shallow Aquitard (D3) _____ Microtopographic Relief (D4) _____ FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ Water Table Present? Yes _____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? Yes _____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <u>X</u>	
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:		
Remarks:		

Sampling Point: TPU@A1

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30)		Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1.	<i>Picea rubens</i>	20	Yes	FACU
2.	<i>Pinus strobus</i>	80	Yes	FACU
3.				
4.				
5.				
6.				
7.				
		100	=Total Cover	
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15)				
1.	<i>Acer rubrum</i>	20	Yes	FAC
2.	<i>Clethra alnifolia</i>	30	Yes	FAC
3.	<i>Cornus alternifolia</i>	5	No	FACU
4.				
5.				
6.				
7.				
		55	=Total Cover	
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5)				
1.	<i>Toxicodendron radicans</i>	10	No	FAC
2.	<i>Maianthemum canadense</i>	10	No	FACU
3.	<i>Mitchella repens</i>	15	Yes	FACU
4.	<i>Dryopteris intermedia</i>	20	Yes	FAC
5.				
6.				
7.				
8.				
9.				
10.				
11.				
12.				
		55	=Total Cover	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 15)				
1.				
2.				
3.				
4.				
			=Total Cover	

Dominance Test worksheet:

Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 3 (A)

Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 6 (B)

Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 50.0% (A/B)

Prevalence Index worksheet:

Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:
OBL species	x 1 =
FACW species	x 2 =
FAC species	x 3 =
FACU species	x 4 =
UPL species	x 5 =
Column Totals:	(A) (B)
Prevalence Index = B/A =	

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:

1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation

2 - Dominance Test is >50%

3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹

4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)

Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)

¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Definitions of Vegetation Strata:

Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.

Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.

Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.

Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No X

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

SOIL

Sampling Point: TPU@A1

[illegible]

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.

²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators:

- _____ Histosol (A1)
- _____ Histic Epipedon (A2)
- _____ Black Histic (A3)
- _____ Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- _____ Stratified Layers (A5)
- _____ Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- _____ Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- _____ Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)
- _____ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)
- _____ Sandy Redox (S5)
- _____ Stripped Matrix (S6)
- _____ Dark Surface (S7)

- _____ Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (**LRR R, MLRA 149B**)
- _____ Thin Dark Surface (S9) (**LRR R, MLRA 149B**)
- _____ High Chroma Sands (S11) (**LRR K, L**)
- _____ Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (**LRR K, L**)
- _____ Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- _____ Depleted Matrix (F3)
- _____ Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- _____ Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- _____ Redox Depressions (F8)
- _____ Marl (F10) (**LRR K, L**)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

☐ 2 cm Muck (A10) (**LRR K, L, MLRA 149B**)
☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (**LRR K, L, R**)
☐ 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (**LRR K, L, R**)
☐ Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (**LRR K, L**)
☐ Thin Dark Surface (S9) (**LRR K, L**)
☐ Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (**LRR K, L, R**)
☐ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (**MLRA 149B**)
☐ Mesic Spodic (TA6) (**MLRA 144A, 145, 149B**)
☐ Red Parent Material (F21)
☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if observed):

Type: none

Depth (inches):

Hydric Soil Present? Yes No ☒

Remarks:

This data form is revised from Northcentral and Northeast Regional Supplement Version 2.0 to reflect the NRCS Field Indicators of Hydric Soils version 7.0 March 2013 Errata. (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/Internet/FSE_DOCUMENTS/nrcs142p2_051293.docx)

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: 27 Sherman's Bridge Road City/County: Wayland Sampling Date: 5/14/2021
 Applicant/Owner: Keystone Development State: MA Sampling Point: TPW@A1
 Investigator(s): Arthur Allen, EcoTec, Inc. Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): toeslope Local relief (concave, convex, none): none Slope (%): 0
 Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR R, MLRA 144A Lat: 42.398842 Long: -71.355030 Datum: WGS 84
 Soil Map Unit Name: Hinckley Loamy Sand NWI classification: n/a

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes x No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No _____
 Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <u>X</u> No _____ If yes, optional Wetland Site ID: _____
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separate report.)	

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators: <u>Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)</u> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) <input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2) <input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Fauna (B13) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3) <input type="checkbox"/> Marl Deposits (B15) <input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) <input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) <input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4) <input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) <input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5) <input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7) <input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks) <input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)		<u>Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)</u> <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6) <input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10) <input type="checkbox"/> Moss Trim Lines (B16) <input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2) <input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8) <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) <input type="checkbox"/> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) <input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2) <input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3) <input type="checkbox"/> Microtopographic Relief (D4) <input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____ Depth (inches): <u>2</u> Water Table Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____ Depth (inches): <u>0</u> Saturation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____ Depth (inches): <u>0</u> (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:		
Remarks:		

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point: TPW@A1

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>30</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status																	
1. <u>Acer rubrum</u>	20	Yes	FAC	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>5</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>7</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>71.4%</u> (A/B)																
2. <u>Pinus strobus</u>	80	Yes	FACU																	
3. _____																				
4. _____																				
5. _____																				
6. _____																				
7. _____																				
	100	=Total Cover		Prevalence Index worksheet: <table style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <th style="width: 50%;">Total % Cover of:</th> <th style="width: 50%;">Multiply by:</th> </tr> <tr> <td>OBL species _____</td> <td>x 1 = _____</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACW species _____</td> <td>x 2 = _____</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FAC species _____</td> <td>x 3 = _____</td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACU species _____</td> <td>x 4 = _____</td> </tr> <tr> <td>UPL species _____</td> <td>x 5 = _____</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Column Totals: _____ (A)</td> <td>_____ (B)</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: center;">Prevalence Index = B/A = _____</td> </tr> </table>	Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:	OBL species _____	x 1 = _____	FACW species _____	x 2 = _____	FAC species _____	x 3 = _____	FACU species _____	x 4 = _____	UPL species _____	x 5 = _____	Column Totals: _____ (A)	_____ (B)	Prevalence Index = B/A = _____	
Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:																			
OBL species _____	x 1 = _____																			
FACW species _____	x 2 = _____																			
FAC species _____	x 3 = _____																			
FACU species _____	x 4 = _____																			
UPL species _____	x 5 = _____																			
Column Totals: _____ (A)	_____ (B)																			
Prevalence Index = B/A = _____																				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>15</u>)																				
1. <u>Acer rubrum</u>	20	Yes	FAC																	
2. <u>Clethra alnifolia</u>	60	Yes	FAC																	
3. _____																				
4. _____																				
5. _____																				
6. _____																				
7. _____																				
	80	=Total Cover																		
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5</u>)																				
1. <u>Athyrium angustum</u>	10	Yes	FAC	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <u>1</u> - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <u>X</u> <u>2</u> - Dominance Test is >50% <u>3</u> - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹ <u>4</u> - Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) <u> </u> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain) ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.																
2. <u>Maianthemum canadense</u>	10	Yes	FACU																	
3. <u>Symplocarpus foetidus</u>	5	Yes	OBL																	
4. _____																				
5. _____																				
6. _____																				
7. _____																				
8. _____																				
9. _____																				
10. _____																				
11. _____																				
12. _____																				
	25	=Total Cover																		
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>15</u>)																				
1. _____				Definitions of Vegetation Strata: Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height. Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall. Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall. Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.																
2. _____																				
3. _____																				
4. _____																				
				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____																

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

SOIL

Sampling Point: TPW@A1

[illegible]