#### **FY18 BUDGET**

#### Data Analysis – Considerations

Ta	ble of Contents
Poli	cies and Bond Rating1
٧	Vayland Debt management Policy (2008)
٧	Vayland Free Cash Policy (2015)2
N	Moody's Investors Service Credit Opinion (2016)
Fina	ancial Projections7
P	rojected FY18 Operating Budget
G	Seneral Fund Operating Budget FY17 – FY228
G	Seneral Fund Operating, Cash Capital & Non-Appropriated FY17 – FY229
P	roposed FY18 General Fund Budget in Increments of \$100K
Rev	renue 11
TAX	C REVENUE
F	Y16 Average Single Family Tax Bill – Neighboring Towns
F	Y16 Average Assessed Value – Neighboring Towns
A	verage Single Family Assessed Value & Tax Bill
T	own of Wayland New Growth14
T	own of Wayland Levy Limit FY12 – FY2215
LOC	CAL RECEIPTS
L	ocal Receipts Actual & Estimated16
	TE AID tate Aid
FRE	EE CASH
F	ree Cash as % of Budget18
7	own of Wayland Historical Free Cash19
F	ree Cash Analysis – 5-Yr Projection FY16 – FY2120

Expenses	1
Town and School Actual Expenses & Budgets FY12 – FY17	1
DEBT	
General Fund Debt Available	2
General Fund Debt Analysis	3
Actual & Estimated General Fund Debt Service FY17 – FY25	4
Enterprise & General Fund Bonded Debt Service for FY17	5
Enterprise & General Fund Debt Service as % of Total Budget	6
Peer Town Enterprise & General Fund Debt Service as % of Budget (FY14)	7
Peer Town Debt Service as % of Equalized Market Valuation (FY14)2	8
PERSONNEL	
Town and School Payroll FY12 – FY1729	9
Trends in Number of Town Personnel	0
COST DRIVERS	
General Fund Cost Drivers	1
WAYLAND PUBLIC SCHOOLS	
Wayland Public Schools	2
WPS Student Enrollment Forecasts	3
WPS Staffing FTEs Forecasts	4
WPS Non-Personnel Expense Forecasts	5

#### TOWN OF WAYLAND

#### **Debt Management Policy**

#### Purpose:

- To establish a criteria for the issuance of debt obligations so as not to exceed acceptable levels of indebtedness.
- To provide consistency and continuity to public policy development through the Town's Capital Improvement Plan, a mechanism that provides evidence of a commitment to meet infrastructure needs through a planned program of future financing.
- To transmit a message to investors and rating agencies who value such evidence of a community's commitment to financial management, and
- To state the guiding principles and general policies related to debt management.
  - 1. Capital items must be \$10,000 or greater to issue debt to finance the project.
  - 2. Debt will not be issued for a term longer than the expected useful life of the asset.
  - 3. Total net debt service should not exceed ten percent of the total general fund expenditures.
  - 4. On an overall basis, all general obligation debt should be structured to retire approximately seventy five percent of the Town's indebtedness within 10 years.
  - 5. All street reconstruction, building repairs, improvements, design and related expenditures should be subject to a debt exclusion vote.
  - All land purchases from the general fund should be subject to a debt exclusion vote.
  - All equipment purchases/repairs \$100,000 or greater should be subject to a debt exclusion vote.
  - Other items will be reviewed on an individual basis to be considered for inclusion in a debt exclusion vote.
  - 9. All police cruisers are deemed to be operating expenditures, not capital.
  - All passenger vehicles and small ticket equipment should be financed with cash capital and not financed by issuing debt (for example, inspection or other staff vehicles).
  - In order to maintain the highest bond rating, AAA, general fund reserve levels should be in the range of 5-10 % of operating expenditures.

Debt Policy - Town of Wayland 1-22-08

#### Wayland Finance Committee

Free Cash Policy

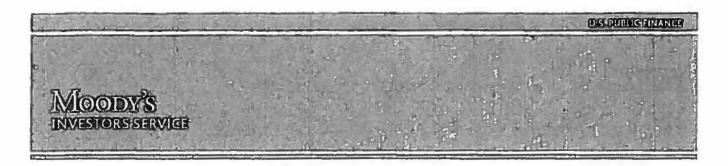
June 17, 2015

The Massachusetts Department of Revenue defines Free Cash as follows:

Definition of Free Cash

Remaining, unrestricted funds from operations of the previous fiscal year including unexpended free cash from the previous year, actual receipts in excess of revenue estimates shown on the tax recapitulation sheet, and unspent amounts in budget line-items. Unpaid property taxes and certain deficits reduce the amount that can be certified as free cash. The calculation of free cash is based on the balance sheet as of June 30, which is submitted by the community's auditor, accountant, or comptroller. Important: free cash is not available for appropriation until certified by the Director of Accounts

The Town of Wayland policy on Free Cash is to maintain Certified Free Cash at an amount between 5% to 10% of the next fiscal year's general fund budget. Generally, Free Cash is appropriated by annual Town Meeting to support next year's General Fund operating budget, capital expenditure, articles, and current year transfers for contingencies and unexpected expenses.



#### CREDIT OPINION

25 January 2016

#### New Issue

#### Contacts

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## Wayland (Town of) MA

New Issue - Moody's assigns Aaa to Wayland MA's GO Bonds

#### **Summary Rating Rationale**

Moody's Investors Service has assigned a Aaa rating to the Town of Wayland MA's \$3.1 million General Obligation Municipal Purpose Loan of 2016 Bonds (Bank Qualified) Concurrently, we have affirmed the Aaa rating of \$76.8 million of outstanding general obligation (GO) debt. The outlook is stable

The Aaa rating reflects a stable tax base with strong socio-economic indicators, satisfactory financial position, and manageable debt and pension burdens. The rating also incorporates the town's comprehensive fiscal management that includes aggressive funding of long-term liabilities

#### **Credit Strengths**

- Comprehensive fiscal management
- Stable tax base with strong wealth and income levels
- Aggressive funding towards OPEB liability

#### **Credit Challenges**

- Recent use of reserves to balance operations
- Limited revenue flexibility given the tax levy limitation of Proposition 2 1/2
- Above average debt burden

#### Rating Outlook

The stable outlook reflects the positive trend in valuation of the tax base and above average socio-economic indicators of taxpayers that bolster the town's financial operations. While the town has relied more on reserves to balance operations in recent years, we expect budgeted operations to return to a more structurally balanced position over the near term Although failure to achieve balanced operations could lead to downward rating pressure

#### Factors that Could Lead to a Downgrade

- Fiscal 2016 and 2017 operating deficits
- frend of available general fund balance below 20% of revenues
- I-laterial increase in the debt burden

#### **Key Indicators**

Eshibit 1

Wayland [Town of] MA		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015
Economy/Tax Base							introduction of the last			
Total Full Value (\$000)	S	3,288,025	5	3,288,025	\$	3,103,339	5	3,103,339	5	3,174,626
Full Value Per Capita	\$	253,042	5	247,499	5	230,834	5	230,834	\$	236,137
Median Family Income (% of US Median)		N/A		239.9%		239.9%		239.9%		239.9%
Finances						10-5hr	-			
Operating Revenue (\$000)	S	71,963	5	70,731	5	67,655	5	70,052	5	70,407
Fund Balance as a % of Revenues		29 8%		26.9%		22.8%		18.6%	_	21.3%
Cash Balance as a % of Revenues		711.6%		32.2%		28.1%		23.7%		26.8%
Debt/Pensions						ŧ.				non-Policy
Net Direct Debt (\$000)	5	62,422	5	66,996	5	70,189	5	76,821	5	77,611
Net Direct Debt / Operating Revenues (x)	(Tairformer)	0.9x		0.9x		1.0x		1.1x		1.1x
Net Direct Debt / Full Value (%)		1.9%		2.0%		2.3%		2.5%		2.4%
Moody's - adjusted Net Pension Liability (3-yr average) to Revenues (x)		N/A		0.7x		1.2x		1.3x	-	N/A
Moody's - adjusted Net Pension Liability (3-yr average) to Full Value (%)		N/A		1.6%		2.6%		3.0%		N/A

Fiscal year end June 30 Source Aloudy's Investors Service

#### **Detailed Rating Considerations**

#### Economy and Tax Base: Stable Residential Valuation with Strong Wealth Levels

Wayland's \$3.2 billion (2016 equalized value) tax base will remain healthy given its desirable location 18 miles west of Boston (Aaa stable), strong housing values and affluent population. The fiscal 2016 assessed value reflected a 3.9% increase, bringing the five year compound annual growth to 1.8%. New growth in 2016 increased by \$974,000 representing the strongest year of growth in recent history, attributed to the town center project including new condos coming online. Wealth levels in the town are strong with median family income equal to 256% of the US median and full value per capita of \$236,137. The unemployment rate of 3.3% (November 2015) continues to trend below the commonwealth (4.5%) and US (4.8%).

Financial Operations and Reserves. Increased Appropriations of Reserves Uncharacteristic of Rating Category. The town's financial position has been reduced in recent years after three consecutive years (fiscal 2012-2014) of operating deficits attributed to the rehance on free cash to balance operations. While the position remains relatively healthy, it is uncharacteristic of towns within the highest rating category. We expect this trend to stabilize over the near term given the town's history of conservative fiscal management. The fiscal 2015 audited financials reflect a 51.4 million operating surplus (net of bond premium) due to positive variance in both reversible and expenditures. The simple including transfers The primary revenue source is property taxes (84% of 2015 revenues) with strong collection rates, while the largest cost is education (51% of 2015 expenditures).

The fiscal 2016 budget increased by 3% over 2015 driven by education and health insurance costs. The budget is balanced with a reduction of 1.9% in the tax levy and increased free cash appropriations of \$4.5 million for operations and an additional \$300,000 towards capital expenditures. Year-to-date revenues and expenditures are trending positive, but given the increased use of free cash compared to 2015 (\$2.3 million), management does not expect to fully replenish the appropriations and could end the year with an estimated \$2.7 million operating deficit. The deficit could reduce available general fund balance to below the 20% of revenues threshold.

Over the next two to three years we expect the town to reduce annual free cash appropriations for operations and return reserve levels to above 20% of revenues. Wayland has \$10.1 million of unused levy capacity in 2016, which could provide additional revenue.

Her publication doe, not acreame a credit rating oction, for any credit ratings referenced in this publication, please see the fat my table in the intervient by page on www.mondys.com in the intervient eredit rating action information and rating hotor;

flexibility. We expect this capacity to be tapped as the town's budget projects for fiscal years 2017 through 2020 indicate only \$1.5 million in free cash appropriations. A continued trend of reducing reserves in fiscal 2017 and beyond could lead to downward rating pressure.

#### LIQUIDITY

Cash and investments at the end of fiscal 2015 represented \$18.9 million or a healthy 26.8% of revenues including transfers

Debt and Pensions: Above Average Debt Burden Remains Manageable; Strong Management of Long Term Liabilities Wayland's direct debt burden (including the current issue) of 2.5% of equalized value is above average for the rating category including other Massachusetts Aaa-rated entities. We expect this burden to remain manageable given plans for moderate future annual borrowing of an estimated \$4-5 million. The town's capital budgets in recent years have averaged around \$6 million with most funded through debt.

#### DEBT STRUCTURE

All debt is fixed rate with 63% of principal retired in ten years. Debt service in fiscal 2015 represented an elevated 11% of expenditures

#### DEBT-RELATED DERIVATIVES

The town has no derivatives

#### PENSIONS AND OPER

The town contributes to the Middlesex Regional Retirement System, a multi-employer cost-sharing plan. The town is required to fully fund its Annual Required Contribution (ARC), which was \$3.7 million in 2015, representing a manageable \$4% of general fund expenditures. The town's three-year average 2014 adjusted net pension liability, under Moody's methodology for adjusting reported pension data, is \$93.6 million, or an average 1.34 times general fund revenues. Hoody's uses the adjusted net pension liability to improve comparability of reported pension liabilities. The adjustments are not intended to replace the town's reported liability information, but to improve comparability with other rated entities.

The town has fully funded its annual OPEB contribution since 2009, indicating an aggressive willingness to address the long term hability. In fiscal 2015, the town funded 147% of the cost representing \$1.9 million. The town's OPEB hability is currently funded at 40.9%, with a total Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) of \$17.8 million as of the latest December 31, 2014 valuation report. Based on the latest valuation, the liability could be fully funded by 2045.

Total fixed costs in 2015 including debt service, required pension contributions and retiree healthcare payments, represented \$13.4 million or 19.2% of expenditures

#### Management and Governance

The town adheres to comprehensive fiscal policies including a long-range financial plan and five-year capital plan

Massachusetts tooms have an institutional framework score of "Aa," or strong Revenues are highly predictable due to a heavy reliance on property taxes. Towns have a moderate revenue-raising ability given the Proposition 2 % levy limit. Expenditures primarily consist of personnel costs, as well as education costs for towns that manage school operations, and are highly predictable given state-mandated school spending guidelines and employee contracts. Towns have a moderate expenditure reduction ability given the high presence of collective bargaining contracts, offset by low-fixed costs in most cases.

#### **Legal Security**

The bonds are secured by the town's general obligation, limited tax pledge as debt service has not been excluded from the levy limitations of Proposition 2.74

#### Use of Proceeds

Proceeds will be used for various capital projects of the town

#### **Obligor Profile**

Wayland is primarily residential with a population of 13,166 and is located 18 miles west of Boston. MA

MOODY, SINVESTORS SERVICE

#### Methodology

The principal methodology used in this rating was US Local Government General Obligation Debt published in January 2014. Please see the Credit Policy page on www moodys com for a copy of this methodology.

#### Ratings

#### Lah-bit 2

WAYLAND (TOWN OF) MA	
Issue	Rating
General Obligation Municipal Purpose Loan of	Aaa
2016 Bonds (Bank Qualified)	
Rating Type	Underlying LT
Sale Amount	\$3,101,000
Expected Sale Date	01/28/2016
Rating Description Source Mood, Sievestors Service	General Obligation

25 January 2016

Projected FY18 Operating Budget
Assuming 2.5% increase in Expenses and Typical Distribution to Town, School and

	Fisca 201		Fiscal 2018	Fiscal \$ 2018 Change		
Revenues			<u> </u>			
Property Tax	61,838	82.84%	63,648	83.18%	1,810	2.939
State Aid	5,000	6.70%	5,000	6.53%	0	0.009
Local Receipts	4,300	5.76%	4,300	5.62%	0	0.009
Free Cash	1,500	2.01%	1,500	1.96%	0	0.009
Interfund transfers	1,623	2.17%	1,684	2.20%	51	3.76%
Overlay	300	0.40%	300	0.39%	0	0.00%
Bond Premium	90	0.12%	85	0.11%	-5	-5.56%
Total Revenues	74,651		76,517		1,866	2.50%
Expenditures						
Town Departments Unclassified	16,159	21.65%	16,381	21.41%	222	1.37%
Debt	7,507	10.06%	7,584	9.91%	77	1.03%
Retirement Assessment	4,235	5.67%	4,447	5.81%	212	5.01%
Health Insurance	7,165	9.60%	7,881	10.30%	716	9.99%
Other Unclassified	1,863	2.50%	1,863	2.43%	0	0.00%
School Department	37,722	50.53%	38,361	50.13%	639	1.69%
Fotal Expenditures	74,651		76,517		1,866	2.50%

	Gene	ral Fund Oper	ating Budge	t			
	Assuming 2	.5% Annual In					5-Year
	Approved	1	Proposed	Budgets FY 2018	thru FY 2022		Average
	Fiscal 2017	Fiscal 2018	Fiscal 2019	Fiscal 2020	Fiscal 2021	Fiscal 2022	Growth Rate
Revenues							
Property Tax	61,836	63,648	65,547	67,444	69,336	71,376	3.09
\$ Change Y to Y	4,475	1,812	1,899	1,897	1,892	2,040	l
% Change Y to Y	7.77%	2.93%	2.98%	2.89%	2.81%	2.94%	
State Aid	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	0.00
Local Receipts	4,300	4,300	4,300	4,300	4,400	4,400	0.47
Free Cash	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	0.00
Interfund transfers	1,625	1,684	1,703	1,772	1,792	1,812	2.30
Overlay	300	300	300	300	300	300	0.00
Bond Premium	90	85	80	75	73	73	-3.78
Total Revenues	74,651	76,517	78,430	80,391	82,401	84,451	2,635
S Change Y to Y	2,008	1,866	1,913	1,961	2,010	2,060	
% Change Y to Y	2.77%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	
Funnadhuana							
Expenditures	15.150	16 201	16 750	17.003	17 750	17.402	1.649
Town Departments Unclassified	16,159	16,381	16,750	17,092	17,269	17,483	1.04.
Debt	7,507	7,584	7,444	7,222	7,215	7,271	-0.639
Retirement Assessment	4,235	4,447	4,669	4,903	5.148	5,405	5.539
Health Insurance	7,165	7,881	8,669	9,536	10,490	11,539	12.219
Other Unclassified	1,863	1,863	1,863	1,863	1,863	1,863	0.009
School Department	37,722	38,361	39,035	39,775	40,416	40,900	1.689
	10.55	76,517	78,430	80,391	82,401	84,461	2.639
otal Expenditures	74,651				The state of the s		2.037
Change Y to Y 6 Change Y to Y	2008 2.77%	1,866 2.50%	1,91 <b>3</b> 2.50%	1,961 2.50%	2,010 2.50%	<b>2,060</b> 2.50%	
otal Valuation @ 2.5% growth	3,450,648	3,536,914	3,625,337	3,715,971	3,808,870	3,904,092	3.01
stimated Tax Rate-Est	17.92	18.00	18.08	18.15	18.20	18.28	

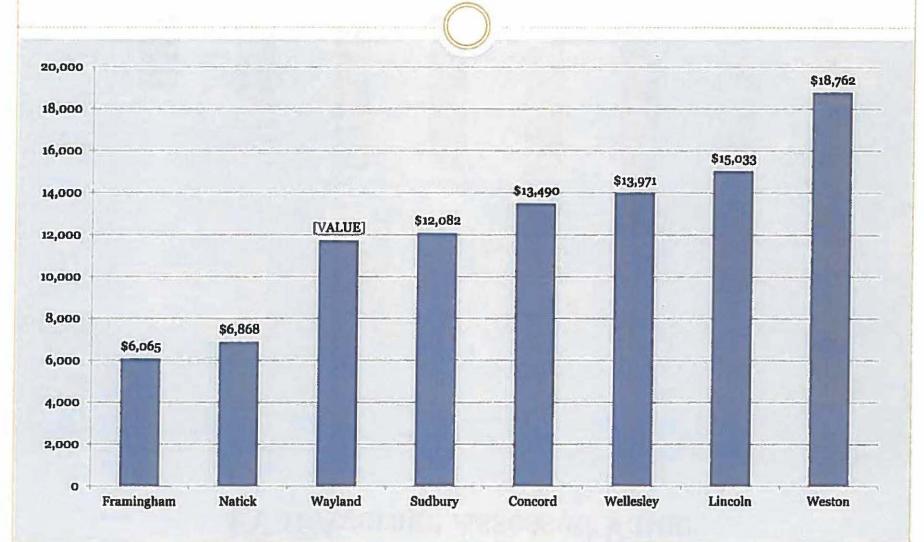
		General Fun	d			
	Operating, Ca	sh Capital and	Non Approp	riated		
		FY17 - FY22				5
	Approved		Proposed Bud	gets FY 2018 thr	u FY 2022	A
	Fiscal	Fiscal	Fiscal	Fiscal	Fiscal	Fiscal
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Revenues						
Property Tax	62,821	64,646	66,745	68,442	70,334	72,574
State Aid	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
Local Receipts	4,300	4,300	4,300	4,300	4,400	4,400
Free Cash	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500
Interfund transfers	1,623	1,684	1,703	1,772	1,792	1,812
Overlay	300	300	300	300	300	300
Bond Premium	90	85	80	75	73	73
otal Revenues	75,634	77,515	79,628	81,389	83,399	85,659
Change Y to Y		1,881	2,113	1,761	2,010	2,260
% Change Y to Y		2.49%	2.73%	2.21%	2.47%	2.71%
Expenditures	1					11
Town Departments	16,159	16,381	16,750	17,092	17,269	17,483
Unclassified		1				
Debt	7,507	7,584	7,444	7,222	7,215	7,271
Retirement Assessment	4,235	4,447	4,669	4,903	5,148	5,405
Health Insurance	7,165	7,881	8,669	9,536	10,490	11,539
Other Unclassified	1,863	1,863	1,863	1,863	1,863	1,863
School Department	37,722	38,361	39,035	39,775	40,416	40,900
Cash Capital	185	200	200	200	200	200
Total Expenditures	74,836	75,717	78,630	80,591	82,601	84,661
Unappropriated Expenses:						H
Overlay	600	600	800	600	600	800
Cherry Sheet Offsets	17	17	17	17	17	17
State Assessments	181	181	181	181	181	181
Total Other	798	798	998	798	798	998
			98.748	***	83.388	
Total All	75,634	77,515	79,628	81,389	83,399	85,659
S Change Y to Y		1,881	2,113	1,761	2,010	2,260
% Change Y to Y	1	2.49%	2.73%	2.21%	2.47%	2.71%
Total Valuation @ 2.5% growth	3,450,648	3,536,914	3,625,337	3,715,971	3,808,870	3,904,092
Estimated Tax Rate-Est	18.21	18.28	18.41	18.42	18.47	18.59
Total Valuation @ 2.5% growth  Estimated Tax Rate-Est		3,536,914	3,625,337	3,715,971	3,808,870	3,904,09
Estimated Total Max levy-Est		72,793	74,825	77,158	79,550	82,003
Estimated unused levy-Est		8,147	8.080	8,716	9.216	9,429

## Proposed FY 2018 General Fund Budget Chart depicts the effect of increasing proposed budget by increments of \$100K

Y 2018 2.50%	Adding \$100K	Adjusted FY 2018	\$ Variance FY 18 / FY 17	% Change FY 18 / FY 17	Adjusted Tax Rate	Tax Revenue	% Chg. Tax Revenue	\$ Chg. Tax Revenue
76,517		76,517	1,866	2.50%	18.00	63,648	2.93%	1,812
-	100	76,617	1,966	2.63%	18.02	63,748	3.09%	1,912
-	100	76,717	2,066	2.77%	18.05	63,848	3.25%	2,012
-	100	76,817	2,166	2.90%	18.08	63,948	3.42%	2,112
-	100	76,917	2,266	3.04%	18.11	64,048	3.58%	2,212
	100	77,017	2,366	3.17%	18.14	64,148	3.74%	2,312
•	100	77,117	2,466	3.30%	18.16	64,248	3.90%	2,412
-	100	77,217	2,566	3.44%	18.19	64,348	4.06%	2,512
-	100	77,317	2,666	3.57%	18.22	64,448	4.22%	2,612
-	100	77,417	2,766	3.71%	18.25	64,548	4.39%	2,712
	100	77,517	2,866	3.84%	18.28	64,648	4.55%	2,812
	100	77,617	2,966	3.97%	18.31	64,748	4.71%	2,912

Assumes 2.5% annual growth in assessed value of Town per 3-year average on tax recap.

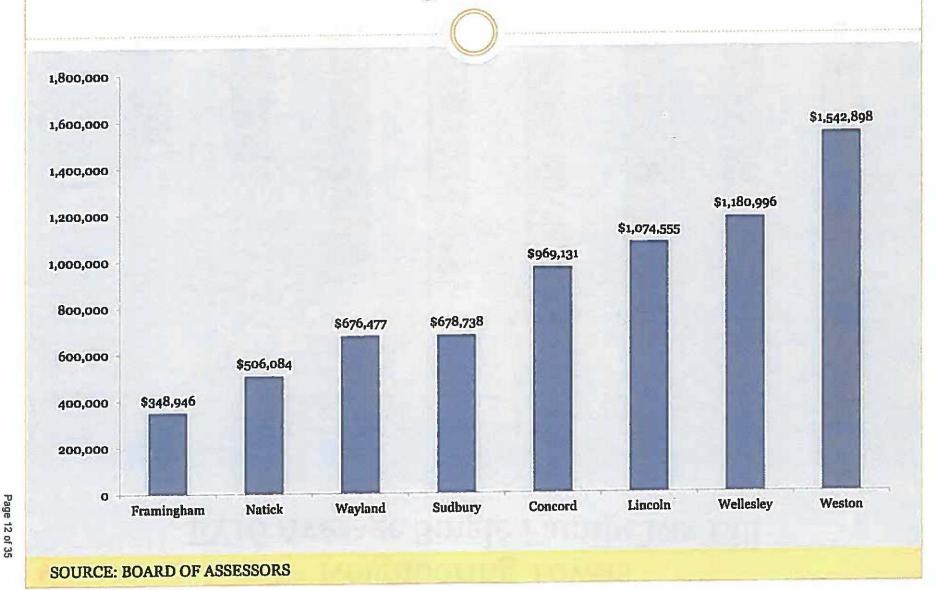
## Neighboring Towns FY16 Average Single Family Tax Bill



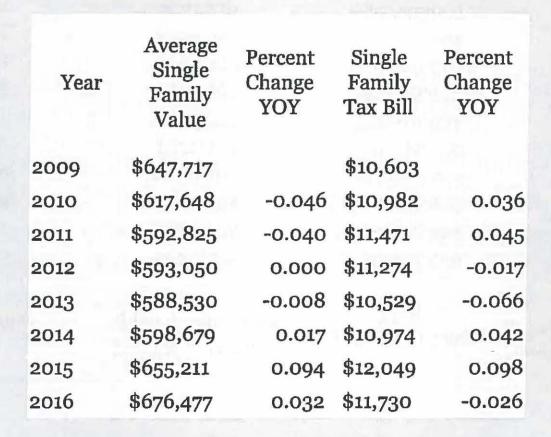
Page 11 of 35

SOURCE: BOARD OF ASSESSORS

## Neighboring Towns FY 16Average Assessed Value



## Average Single Family Assessed Value & Average Single Family Tax Bill



## Town of Wayland New Growth

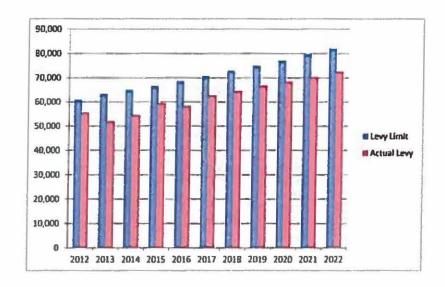
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Fiscal Year	Total New Growth Applied to the Levy Limit	Prior Year Levy Limit	New Growth as a % of Prior Year's Levy Limit
2006	\$664,875	\$36,474,429	1.82
2007	\$744,203	\$40,365,264	1.84
2008	\$702,404	\$44,218,599	1.59
2009	\$666,503	\$46,032,584	1.45
2010	\$521,401	\$49,745,902	1.05
2011	\$416,727	\$51,510,951	0.81
2012	\$712,447	\$53,215,452	1.34
2013	\$684,120	\$55,258,285	1.24
2014	\$789,648	\$57,323,862	1.38
2015	\$541,216	\$59,546,607	0.91
2016	\$973,920	\$61,590,938	1.58
2017		\$64,104,631	
5 Year Average:	\$740,270		

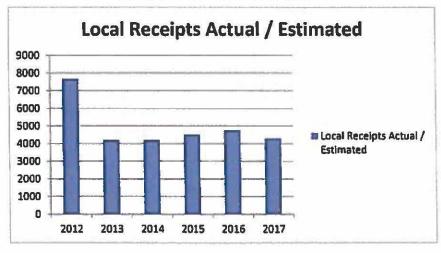
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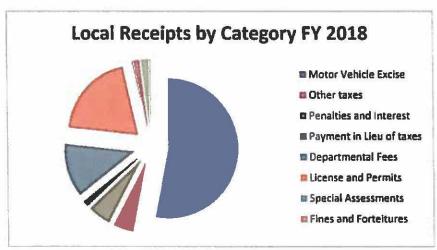
SOURCE: BOARD OF ASSESSORS

	-A30			Town of Way							
				Levy Umi							
<u> </u>			Actual	& Projected	FY12 - FY22						
	Actual per Ta	іх несар					Esti	mated New	Growth		
PROPERTY TAXES	Fiscal 2012	Fiscal 2013	Fiscal 2014	Fiscal 2015	Fiscal 2016	Fiscal 2017	Fiscal 2018	Fiscal 2019	Fiscal 2020	Fiscal 2021	Fiscal 2022
Prior Year Levy Limit	53,215	\$5,258	57,323	59,547	61,591	64,104	66,306	68,564	70,878	73,250	75,681
2 1/2 % Increase	1,330	1,381	1,433	1,489	1,540	1,603	1,658	1,714	1,772	1,831	1,897
New Growth-( Est. , FY 17 - FY 22)	712	685	791	541 13	973	600	600	600	600	600	600
Annual Levy Limit	55,257	57,324	59,547	61,590	64,104	66,306	68,564	70,878	73,250	75,681	78,173
Debt Exclusion	5,561	5,835	5,274	4,846	4,408	4,325	4,229	3,947	3,908	3,868	3,830
Annual Max Levy Limit	60,818	63,159	64,821	66,436	68,512	70,631	72,793	74,825	77,158	79,550	82,003
Property Tax Revenue-Actual	55,514	52,016	54,588	59,586	58,374	62,821	64,646	66,745	68,442	70,334	72,574
Unused Levy	5,304	11,143	10,233	6,850	10,138	7,810	8,147	8,080	8,716	9,216	9,429
\$\$ Increase-Annual Max Levy Umit		-3,498	2,572	4,998	2,076	2,120	2,162	2,032	2,332	2,392	2,453
% Increase-Annual Max Levy Limit		-6.30%	4.94%	9.16%	3.48%	3.63%	3.44%	3.14%	3.49%	3.50%	3.49%

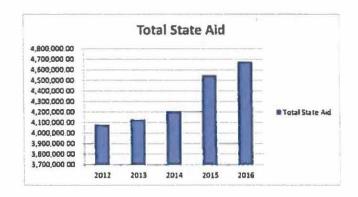


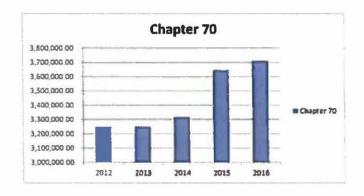
Actual General Fund Local Reciepts Revenue Fiscal 2012 thru Fiscal 2016- FY 2017 Budget												
	<u> Milaik</u>		ACTUAL			Budget						
Local Receipts	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017						
Motor Vehicle Excise	2,003	2,046	2,328	2,384	2,519	2,315						
Other taxes	166	173	209	217	220	250						
Penalties and Interest	205	216	163	223	254	185						
Payment in Lieu of taxes	33	23	22	26	63	25						
Departmental Fees	712	538	593	471	590	470						
License and Permits	769	1,006	687	999	945	909						
Special Assessments	10	16	16	6	7	6						
Fines and Forteitures	89	81	87	61	62	60						
Investment Income	222	96	96	127	- 88	79						
Misc Recurring-MSBA	0	0	0	5	5	5						
Charges for water	3,451	0	0	0	0	C						
Totals	7,660	4,195	4,201	4,519	4,753	4,300						





	Fes	State Aid Revenue cal 2012 thru Fiscal				
			Actual Revenue	10-1012-01		Budget
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Chapter 70 School Aid	3,250,268 00	3,250,268 00	3,316,662.00	3,644,813 00	3,710,313.00	4,042,462.00
Charter Tultion	3,669 00	3,669.00	2,109.00	•	14,734 00	1,444 00
Unrestricted General Aid	764,572 00	764,572.00	782,645 00	804,349.00	833,306 00	869,138 00
Veterans Benefits	6,294 00	6,294.00	1,954.00	6,731.00	40,017.00	4,943 00
Exemption- Veterans		8,033 00	5,024.00	34,474.00	5,522 00	61,203 00
State Owned Land	53,018.00	53,018 00	54,067.00	\$7,115.00	70,760 00	34,382.00
MSBA Reimbursemnt		43,266.00	43,266 DO	•	•	*
Total	4,077,821 00	4,129,120.00	4,206,727.00	4,547,482.00	4,574,652.00	5,013,572.00

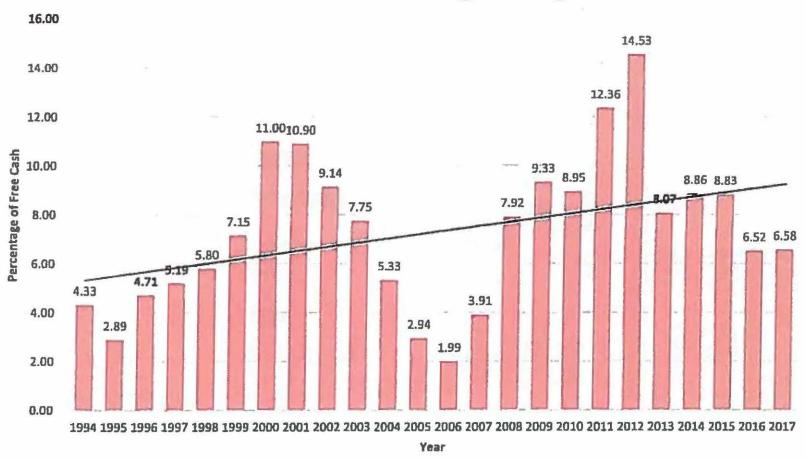






## Town of Wayland Massachusetts

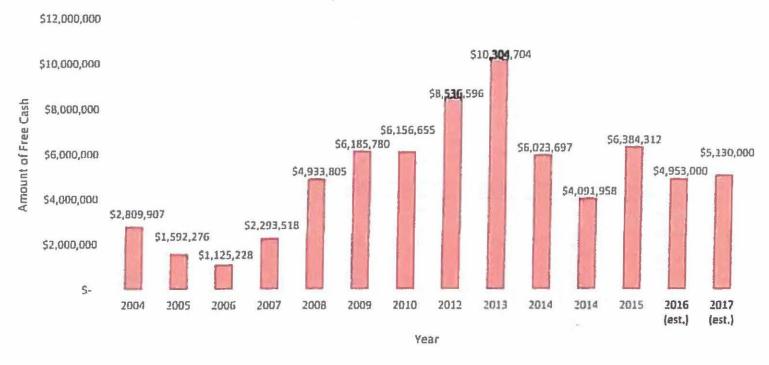
#### Free Cash as a Percentage of Budget





## Town of Wayland Massachusetts

#### Town of Wayland Historical Free Cash



		TOWN AND S	CHOOL ACTUAL EX	PENSES		BUDGET-17	5-Year Avg. Increase
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Budget	Budget	
Town	25,012,144	25,205,000	25,254,520	25,938,335	26,763,327	27,900,641	2%
chg Y to Y		192,856	49,520	683,815	824,992	1,137,314	a a comment of
K chg Y to Y		0.77%	0 20%	2.71%	3.18%	4.25%	
Avg % chg 5-y					1.75%	2.67%	
Unclassified	6,652,028	7,322,941	7,251,532	7,743,550	9,160,218	9,028,000	7%
S chg Y to Y		670,913	(71,409)	492,018	1,415,668	(132,218)	
% chg Y to Y		10.09%	-0.98%	6 79%	18 29%	-1.44%	
Avg % chg 5-y					9 43%	5.82%	
School	30,921,330	32,521,598	33,516,931	35,194,711	36,719,239	37,722,833	4%
S chg Y to Y		1,600,268	995,333	1,677,780	1,524,528	1,003,594	N-10-10
% chg Y to Y		5.18%	3.06%	5.01%	4.33%	2.73%	
Avg % chg 5-y					4.59%	4 00%	
Total	62,585,502	65,049,539	66,022,983	68,876,596	72,642,784	74,651,474	4%
\$ chg Y to Y		2,464,037	973,444	2,853,613	3,766,188	2,008,690	E. SCHOOL
% chg Y to Y		3 94%	1.50%	4.32%	5.47%	2.77%	
Avg % chg 5 y					4.02%	3.69%	

			TOWN AND SCHO	OL BUDGETS			5-Year Avg. Increase
	2012 Budget	2013 Budget	2014 Budget	2015 Budget	2016 Budget	2017 Budget	
'own	25,503,743	25,267,594	25,455,197	26,290,400	26,763,327	27,900,641	2%
chg Y to Y		-236,149	187,603	835,203	472,927	1,137,314	
6 chg Y to Y		-0.93%	0.74%	3.28%	1.80%	4.25%	
lvg % chg 5·γ					1.23%	2.61%	
Inclassified	10,657,000	8,805,665	9,122,859	8,579,710	9,160,218	9,028,000	-3%
chg Y to Y		-1,851,335	317,194	-543,149	580,508	-132,218	The service of the se
K chg Y to Y		-17%	4%	-6%	7%	-1%	
Avg % chg 5-y					-4%	1%	
School	31,096,713	32,526,704	33,397,005	35,433,047	36,719,239	37,722,833	4%
S chg Y to Y		1,429,991	870,301	2,036,042	1,286,192	1,003,594	Color of the same
% chg Y to Y		4.50%	2.68%	6 10%	3.63%	2.73%	
Avg % chg 5-y					4.52%	3.99%	
Total	67,257,456	66,599,963	67,975,061	70,303,157	72,642,784	74,651,474	2%
S chg Y to Y		-657,493	1,375,098	2,328,096	2,339,627	2,008,690	
% chg Y to Y		-0.98%	2.06%	3,42%	3.33%	2.77%	
Avg % chg 5·y					2.00%	3.02%	

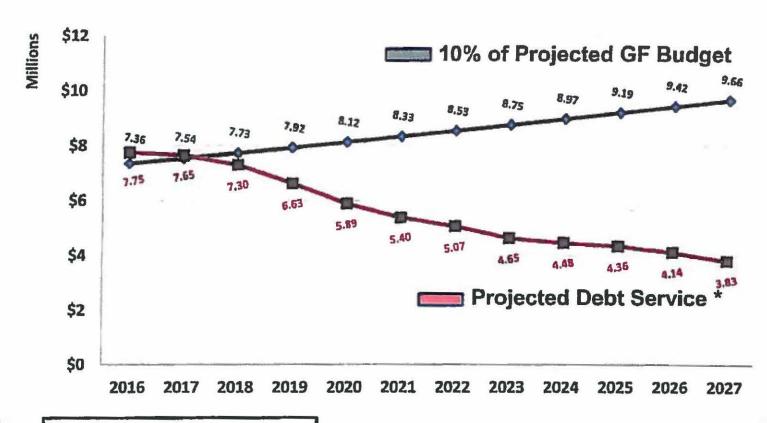
## TOWN OF WAYLAND GENERAL FUND DEBT AVAILABLE CONSISTENT WITH TOWN POLICY\*

FY Year	Projected GF budget(1)	Projected Debt Service(2)	Debt Service Change Year to Year	Debt Service as % of Projected budget	10% of Projected	General Fund Debt Service Costs Available Consistent With Current Town Policy**
2016	73,590,000	7,751,620		10.53%	7,359,000.00	(392,619.98
2017	75,429,750	7,652,831	-98,788.57	10.15%	7,542,975.00	(109,856.41
2018	77,315,494	7,303,443	-349,388.54	9.45%	7,731,549.38	428,106.51
2019	79,248,381	6,626,013	-677,430.37	8.36%	7,924,838.11	1,298,825.61
2020	81,229,591	5,894,151	-731,861.25	7.26%	8,122,959.06	2,228,807.61
2021	83,260,330	5,396,703	-497,448.74	6.48%	8,326,033.04	2,929,330.53
2022	85,341,839	5,073,096	-323,606.25	5.94%	8,534,183.86	3,461,087.60
2023	87,475,385	4,648,115	-424,981.26	5.31%	8,747,538.46	4,099,423.46
2024	89,662,269	4,478,449	-169,666.25	4.99%	8,966,226.92	4,487,778.17
2025	91,903,826	4,363,861	-114,587.50	4.75%	9,190,382.60	4,826,521.35
2026	94,201,422	4,141,524	-222,337.50	4.40%	9,420,142.16	5,278,618.41
2027	96,556,457	3,831,106	-310,417.50	3.97%	9,655,645.71	5,824,539.46

#### Assumptions:

- (1) General Fund Budget projected to increase 2.5% annually.
- (2) Projected Debt Service reflects proposed borrowing of \$3,975,000 in February 2016.
- \* Town Policy on Debt states that annual cost of debt not to exceed 10% of annual budget.
- \*\* Excess Borrowing Capacity Inside Debt Limit as of 6/30/15 \$132,514,809

## **General Fund Debt Analysis**



\* Including Feb 2016 Approved Borrowing

Source: Finance Department

Page 23 of 35

	Actual and Estimated General Fund Debt Service Fiscal 2017 thru Fiscal 2025										
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025		
Committed	7,507,251	7,108,711	6,444,712	5,722,490	5,222,495	4,891,200	4,454,950	4,298,225	4,171,77		
5 chg year to year		(398,540)	(663,999)	(722,222)	(499,995)	(331,295)	(436,250)	(156,725)	(126,45)		
% chg year to year		-5.31%	-9.34%	-11.21%	-8.74%	-6.34%	-8.97%	-3.52%	-2.94		
Estimated New Debt Service											
FY-2018		475,400	475,450	465,950	455,450	439,950	409,600	384,850	375,500		
FY-2019			500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000		
FY-2020	*	•	*	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000		
FY-2021		*			500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000		
FY-2022	-		}•	•		500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000		
FY-2023	-	-	•		•		500,000	500,000	500,000		
FY-2024		<del>\tilde{\</del>	*				•	500,000	500,000		
FY-2025		•		-	•	•	•	•	500,000		
Estimated Total	7,507,251	7,584,111	7,421,162	7,188,440	7,177,945	7,331,150	7,364,550	7,683,075	8,047,275		
Estimated Budget-2.5%	74,651,000	76,517,000	78,430,000	80,391,000	84,461,000	86,572,525	88,736,838	90,955,259	93,229,141		
(General Fund only)											
Annual debt as % of Seneral fund budget	10.06%	9.91%	9.46%	8.94%	8.50%	8.47%	8.30%	8.45%	8.639		

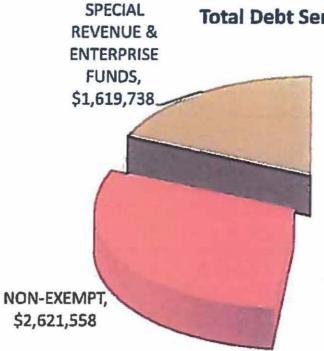
#### Assumptions

<sup>1)</sup> Town authorites S5m in borrowing which results in \$500,000 in annual debt service.

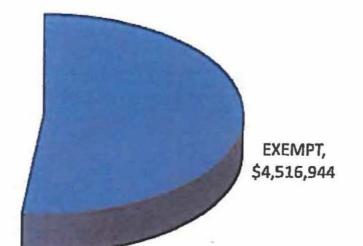
<sup>2)</sup> Town adds \$500,000 in new debt service

<sup>3)</sup> The \$500,000 additional annual debt service does not decrease from first year because projects have not yet been approved.

## Enterprise and General Fund Bonded Debt Service Requirements for FY 2017\*



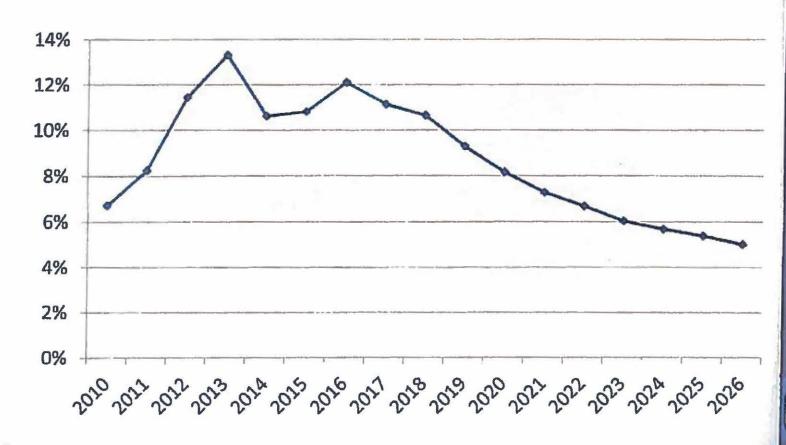
Total Debt Service: \$8,758,240



\* Principal & Interest for FY17 Existing Debt

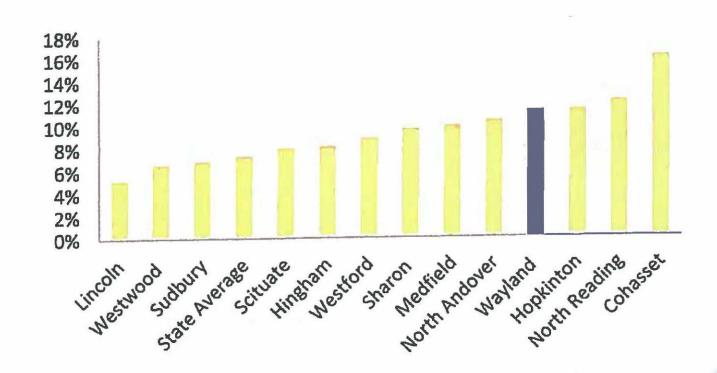
Source: Treasury Dept.

# Enterprise and General Fund Debt Service as a Percentage of Total Budget

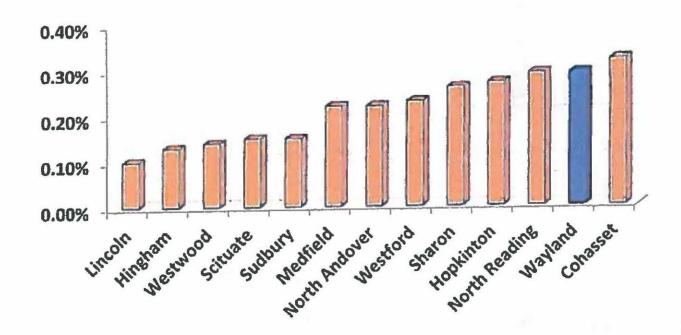


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FY2014
Enterprise and General Fund Debt Service as a
Percentage of Budget



# FY 2014 Debt Service as a Percentage of Equalized Market Valuation



6

			Town and Sch Fiscal 2012 thre	FOR THE RESERVE TO TH			*
Payroll	2012 Actual	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	2015 Actual	2016 Actual	2017 Approved	5-Year Avg. Inc.
Town Payroll	10,128,055.00	10,225,580.00	10,441,866.00	10,502,869.48	10,885,086.65	11,871,337.00	3.44%
\$ chg year to year % chg year to year		97,525.00 0.96%	216,286.00 2.12%	61,003.48 0.58%	382,217.17 626.55%	986,250.35 9.06%	
School Payroll	25,599,405.00	26,643,494.00	27,232,916.00	28,397,607.82	29,601,102.00	30,882,080.00	4.13%
\$ chg year to year % chg year to year		1,044,089.00 4.08%	589,422.00 2.21%	1,164,691.82 4.28%	1,203,494.18 4.24%	1,280,978.00 4.33%	
Total Payroll \$ chg year to year % chg year to year	35,727,460.00	36,869,074.00 1,141,614.00 3.20%	37,674,782.00 805,708.00 2.19%	38,900,477.30 1,225,695.30 3.25%	40,486,188.65 1,585,711.35 4.08%	42,753,417.00 2,267,228.35 5.60%	3.93%

Trends in Number of Personnel Employed by Town Departments FY 14 - FY 17

Year	Total FTE's	New FTE's
2014	162.82	
2015	165.06	2.24
2016	168.09	3.03
2017	171.47	3.38
OTAL		8.65

 Town assumes 40% of base salary costs as additional cost to add new personnel

		General Fun	d Cost Drivers		Programme All
	2014	2015	2016	2017	3-Year
		-			Avg Incr.
Debt	7,348,946.00	7,789,058.00	7,751,620.00	7,507,251.00	0.72%
\$ chg year to year	(317,018.00)	440,112.00	(37,438.00)	(244,369.00)	
% chg year to year	-4.14%	5.99%	-0.48%	-3.15%	
% of budget	10.79%	11.08%	10.67%	10.06%	
Health Insurance	6,477,859.00	6,339,710.00	6,925,218.00	7,165,000.00	3.54%
\$ chg year to year	(1,572,141.00)	(138,149.00)	585,508.00	239,782.00	
% chg year to year	-19.53%	-2.13%	9.24%	3.46%	
% of budget	9.52%	9.02%	9.24%	9.60%	
Retirement Assesssment	3,507,480.00	3,740,468.00	3,971,988.00	4,235,414.00	6.92%
\$ chg year to year	(1,114,147.00)	232,988.00	231,520.00	263,426.00	-
% chg year to year	-24.11%	6.64%	6.19%	6.63%	
% of budget	5.15%	5.32%	5.47%	5.67%	
School	33,397,005.00	35,433,047.00	36,719,239.00	37,722,833.00	4.32%
\$ chg year to year	870,301.00	2,036,042.00	1,286,192.00	1,003,594.00	26
% chg year to year	2.68%	6.10%	3.63%	2.73%	
% of budget	49.06%	50.40%	50.55%	50.53%	

## **Wayland Public Schools**

- The Wayland School Committee is in the process of developing a long range financial model that defines major budget drivers and their underlying assumptions.
- For modeling purposes, the draft model assumes a 1% cost of living adjustment increase for FY18 to FY20.
- The School Committee will enter into negotiations later this year for a successor contract beginning in FY18.
- The draft model does not include any major programmatic changes.
- In the slides that follow, you will find the underlying assumptions for the major budget drivers.

#### **Student Enrollment Forecasts**

- All enrollment forecasts are based on NESDEC's projections.
- FY17 enrollment is forecasted to decrease by 11 students overall K-12; however, one new kindergarten classroom has been added due to the increase of enrollment at the kindergarten level.
- FY18 enrollment is forecasted to increase by 1.8%.
- FY19 to FY20 enrollment is projected to increase by approximately 1% per year overall, starting at a higher rate at the elementary level and then increasing at each subsequent level over time.
- Enrollment for our special needs students is estimated at 20% of total enrollment per year, based on historical actuals.
- FY17's enrollment in Grade 8 reflects the largest class size throughout the district.

## **Staffing FTEs Forecasts**

- FY15 staffing increase reflected new Elementary Reconfiguration.
- FY16 staffing increase reflected high needs student requirements and grade 7 enrollment "bubble".
- FY17 staffing increases are enrollment and programmatic driven, which include staff for high needs students and new kindergarten classroom, Part-time Assistant Principal for large elementary school, staff for Grade 8 enrollment "bubble" and secondary schools' class sizes, and Health & Wellness and Student Services leadership positions.
- FY18 to FY20 staffing increase aligns with enrollment forecast by level and maintains staff to student ratios with FY16 as a base year.
- Each year, as the district's capacity to meet student needs is assessed, staffing FTE's may fluctuate.

#### **Non-Personnel Expense Forecasts**

- SPED OUT OF DISTRICT TUITION assumes annual 7% increase based on historical results.
- TRANSPORTATION assumes annual 5% increase based on historical results.
   Contract will go out to bid for services for FY18 to FY21. Anticipate premium for garaging buses outside of Wayland, unless location in Wayland is found.
- UTILITIES assumes annual 2% increase for electricity, 5% increase for natural gas and 7% increase for wastewater. Projections reflect energy saving contracts (ESCO) and solar panel savings.
- Each year, as the district assesses its capacity to meet student needs, student contracted services (e.g. out of district tuition and transportation) may fluctuate.



# TOWN OF WAYLAND CONSIDERATIONS FOR FY 18 BUDGET PLANNING

PRESENTED BY
TOWN ADMINISTRATOR AND FINANCE DIRECTOR

WITH FINANCE TEAM: TREASURER, DIRECTOR OF ASSESSING, HUMAN RESOURCES DIRECTOR / ASSISTANT TOWN ADMINISTRATOR, SCHOOL BUSINESS MANAGER AND FINANCIAL ANALYST, FINANCE DIRECTOR AND TOWN ADMINISTRATOR

AUGUST 29, 2016

#### ESTABLISHING A BUDGET GUIDELINE FOR FY 18

- The Town Administrator works with the Finance Committee and Finance
  Director to establish the annual Budget Guideline and long term financial
  strategies. The Town Administrator recommends all department budgets
  to the Board of Selectmen and monitors the town's financial performance.
- The purpose of the annual Budget Guideline is to provide a tool for the Finance Committee to recommend a budget to Town Meeting that funds high quality municipal and school services considering affordability to taxpayers and based on a sustainable multi-year financial plan.
- See Town Code Chapters 19 (Finance) and 60 (Town Administrator) at: <a href="http://www.ecode360.com/WA1635">http://www.ecode360.com/WA1635</a>

#### WHAT WAS THE FY 17 BUDGET GUIDELINE?

The purpose of this presentation is to provide a framework for consideration of a Budget Guideline for a FY 18 Revenue and Expense Budget. The framework is based on an increase of 2.5% of operating budget to provide a starting point for discussion.

- In FY 17 the Finance Committee established a budget guideline with the goal that the FY 17 General Fund <u>operating budget</u> be increased up to 2.5%. The guideline did not address the funding of capital projects which is covered by the Debt Policy. (Note the 2.5% guideline is unrelated to prop. 2.5)
- The recommended FY 17 General Fund <u>operating budget</u> increased to \$74,651,474 or a 2.77% increase (\$2.269 million) over FY 16.
- To understand the effect of achieving the 2.5% budget guideline into future years, the Finance Director developed five year projections and historical schedules which are provided to the Finance Committee and accompany this presentation as reference and for discussion.

#### REVENUE CONSIDERATIONS: PROPERTY TAXES

- Property taxes comprised 83% of general fund budget revenue in FY 16 and are the source of funding over which the Town exerts the most control.
- The property tax revenue needed to balance the budget is calculated by deducting from the planned general fund expenditure budget nonproperty tax revenue from:
  - 1) local receipts -- such as motor vehicle excise, permit fees and interest,
  - 2) state aid
  - 3) transfers from other funds ---such as indirect costs from revolving and enterprise funds, and
  - 4) any free cash used to balance the budget.
- For FY 17, the unused property tax levy capacity is estimated at \$7.8 million. For reference, \$7.8 million is 12.4% of the tax revenue budgeted in FY 17.

## REVENUE: FY 18 VARIABLES – PROPERTY TAX

#### Negative:

 Acquisition by the Carroll School of a Waltham Road property will result in a net decrease of \$150,000 in FY 17 and future years. (Based on FY 16, this equates to \$.03 on the tax rate.)

#### Positive:

- Aggressive tax title collection of \$2,000,000 in outstanding property tax revenue could positively affect free cash and future year collections.
- New growth in FY 18 property tax is estimated at \$600,000 from increases attributable to new construction. The Town is experiencing stable growth increases.

# PROPERTY TAX: AVERAGE SINGLE FAMILY TAX BILL

The Town of Wayland ranks sixth among eight neighboring towns comprising the real estate market.

- Wayland's average single family home 2016 tax bill was \$11,730. The median tax bill is \$1,000 lower.
- Average tax bills in 8 neighbor towns ranged from \$6,000 in Framingham to over \$18,000 in Weston.
- The average single family home assessed value in 2016 was \$676,477.
- Wayland's average 2016 single family home tax bill is ranked 11<sup>th</sup> statewide.

#### PROPERTY TAX: LEVY LIMIT

#### Wayland has significant tax levy capacity:

- The levy limit is the most that the Town can tax, up to a tax rate of \$25.00 without requiring an override vote under Proposition 2.5.
- The estimated unused taxing capacity in FY 18 is \$8.1 million.

# PROPERTY TAX: FY 17 LEVY LIMIT AND UNUSED CAPACITY

2016 levy limit	\$ 64,104,000
2.5% increase	1,603,000
New growth est.	600,000
Levy limit	66,306,000
Debt exclusion	4,325,000
Maximum levy limit	70,631,000
Actual tax Levy	(62,821,000)
FY 17 unused levy	7,810,000
FY 18 projected unused levy	\$ <b>8,147,000</b>

<sup>\*</sup> Based on growth assumption in supporting documents.

# REVENUE: NON PROPERTY TAX SOURCES OF GENERAL FUND SUPPORT

The Town has little control over non-property tax revenue.

- Categories of non- property tax general fund revenue and key sources include:
  - State Aid: Chapter 70 School Aid and Unrestricted Local Aid
  - Local Receipts: Motor Vehicle Excise, Fees, Licenses,
     Interest
  - Transfer from Other Funds: Indirect costs such as employee health insurance paid from revolving and enterprise funds to general fund
  - Free Cash

# REVENUE: FY 18 OUTLOOK FOR NON-TAX REVENUE SOURCES

Significant increases in state aid and local receipts are not expected or easily predictable.

- State Aid (\$5 m gross state aid) is budgeted to increase \$300,000 in FY 17. State aid is subject to positive and negative fluctuation. State Aid is offset by Cherry Sheet expenses carried in the operating budget.
- Projected Local Receipts (\$4.4 m FY 17 budget / \$4.65 FY 16 actual) are budgeted to increase in FY 17 due to growth in motor vehicle excise and meals tax and licenses and permits. Additional revenue can be made available after a stable pattern of increased collection is established.

#### FY 18: USE OF FREE CASH

- Over the past five years, the Town used varying amounts of free cash to cover operating budget deficits in amounts ranging from \$1,000,000 in FY 15 to \$4.8 M in FY 13 and a range of \$2.7 to \$6.1 m for all purposes including capital, articles and OPEB.
- The varying use of free cash in support of the operating budget has resulted in a fluctuating tax rate and declining reserves.
- Moody's Credit rating service advises the Town to build cash reserves and avoid budget deficits by using Wayland's unused levy capacity over the next few years.
- In Moody's 2016 Credit Opinion, the Town was informed:
   "A continued trend in reducing reserves could lead to downward rating pressure."

### REVENUE: USE OF FREE CASH: FY 13 – FY 17 BUDGETS

USE	FY 13	FY 14	FY 15	FY 16	FY 17
Current Year Transfer	29,585	165,000	451,348	523,193	NA
Operating Budget	4,800,000	2,500,000	1,000,000	4,350,000	1,500,000
Capital Budget	945,000	180,000	415,000	300,000	410,000
Articles	300,000	100	0	519,903	538,619
OPEB	0	0	249,094	209,114	215,285
Total	6,074,585	2,845,100	2,115,442	5,901,810	2,663,904

#### FREE CASH CERTIFICATION FY 13 - FY 18

	FY 13	FY 14	FY 15	FY 16	FY 17 (EST.)	FY 18 (EST.)
FREE CASH BALANCE 1/1	10,304,704	6,023,697	4,091,958	6,384,312	4,786,000	5,185,000
% GF BUDGET	8.07	8.86	5.49	5.92	6.61	6.06

Certified free cash is on low side of the acceptable range under town policy and the Moody's benchmark:

- The Board of Selectmen / Finance Committee's Free Cash Policy is to maintain Certified Free Cash at an amount between 5% and 10% of the next year's general fund budget.
- ➤ The Moody's benchmark is to maintain the general fund balance at 20% of revenues. The year end FY 15 statement shows 23%. (See Moody's Credit Opinion dated 1/25/16 notes downward trend)
- Note: The Finance Director's 2.5% FY 18 budget projection assumes use of free cash as follows: \$1.5 M to support operating budget, \$215,000 in OPEB funding, and \$200,000 in capital project funding. The Finance Committee will recommend how much free cash to use which will affect the tax rate.

### FY 18: KNOWN OPERATING EXPENSE CHANGES

The following expense changes are expected in FY 18, but are as yet unquantified:

#### **Potential Savings:**

- 1. Energy: Energy and natural gas supply costs will remain flat or decline, distribution costs will increase resulting in modest increases. Vehicle fuel costs will decline.
- 2. Health Insurance: Discussions to find savings in employee health insurance are ongoing.

#### Potential Expense:

- 1. Building Maintenance and Public Works Infrastructure: More comprehensive capital plans are requested to identify and quantify deferred maintenance. .
- 2. Technology: IT upgrades begun last year will continue.
- 3. Personnel: Requests for new Town and School personnel and school initiatives are expected.
- 4. School Transportation: Costs will be bid for FY 18 and will likely increase.
- 5. Rivers Edge: There may be additional costs in the School budget and DPW budget associated with moving school buses and providing a laydown area for DPW as these functions move to make way for the Rivers Edge project which may be a source of new property tax revenue in future years.
- 6. Labor contracts: All town school and town collective bargaining agreements expire 6/30/17. The timing of settlement with the unions is unknown but will affect budgets in the FY 18 21 period.

#### FY 17 BUDGET STRUCTURE

The distribution of appropriations to Town, School and Unclassified Expenses in FY 17 is typical for Wayland and may be used as a guideline for how new resources could be appropriated:

<ul> <li>Town Departments</li> </ul>	22%	\$ 16,159,000
<ul> <li>School Department</li> </ul>	50 %	37,722 ,000
<ul> <li>Unclassified Expense</li> </ul>		
• Debt	10%	7,507,000
<ul><li>Retirement</li></ul>	6%	4,235,000
<ul> <li>Health Insurance</li> </ul>	10%	7,165,000
<ul><li>Other</li></ul>	2%	1,863,000
TOTAL		\$ 74,651,000

### EXPENDITURES: RATE OF INCREASE – OPERATING BUDGET

Development of a budget plan meeting the 2.5% goal requires an understanding of expected increases in health insurance and school costs.

- Average Rate of Increase in Operating Budget: The rate of increase for the General Fund operating budget averaged 2% over the 5 year period beginning FY 13 and 3.27% over the 3 year period beginning FY 15. Each budget year presents unique challenges.
- <u>Cost of Health Insurance is Major Uncertainty:</u> Unclassified expenses, driven by health insurance, are variable. To determine actual funds available in FY 18, unclassified expenses driven by health insurance costs must be determined. The cost of insurance is 10% of the operating budget, or \$7.1 M, in FY 17.
- A 2.5% Operating Budget increase means Town and School Operating Budgets increase less than 2.5% due to unclassified expenses. Based on the typical distribution of appropriations from prior years, a 2.5% operating budget increase would provide \$1,800,000 in new funding and a 1.37% (\$222,000) operating budget increase for the Town and a 1.69% (\$615,000) operating budget increase for the schools.

#### FY 17 EXPENDITURES: CAPITAL BUDGET

In Wayland, the Budget Guideline addresses the general fund operating budget. The Finance Committee also prepares an annual and five year capital budget and plan which has a significant impact on cash reserves, new debt, future year operating budgets and property taxes.

- The recommended FY 17 Capital Budget was \$8.974 million including \$595,000 from free cash and cash capital, \$4.5 million in new general fund debt and \$3.879 from other funds and fund borrowing.
- The costs of the \$4.5 million in General Fund debt authorized by the 2016 Town Meeting will be included in the operating budget beginning in FY 18. The cost of the \$2 million in recommended FY 16 General Fund debt is included beginning in FY 17.
- In FY 16, the Finance Committee reviewed total capital requests of \$17.6 million. In FY 17, total capital requests were \$9 million.

### **DEBT POLICY**

- Capital purchases must be at least \$25,000 to issue debt for no longer than the useful life of the asset. (Note – Adopted policy states \$10,000)
- Debt should be within 5-10% of operating expenditures annually.
- The debt policy specifies categories of capital acquisition subject to debt exclusion.
- Police cruisers are funded in the operating budget. Other passenger vehicles and small equipment are funded with cash capital and not financed through debt.
- The Debt Policy should be updated.

# DEBT: MANAGING CAPITAL PROJECTS WITHIN THE DEBT POLICY

Debt can be managed to remain under the 10% Debt Policy:

- Assuming the Town's operating budget increases 2.5% annually through 2025 and the Town borrowed an <u>average</u> of \$5 million annually, it is estimated an average of \$500,000 in new debt service would be added annually and debt could remain under the 10% of operating budget debt policy.
- For FY 17, principal and interest payments were \$7.5 million or about 10% of the Town's \$74,651,000 operating budget.

### **DEBT: BORROWING HISTORY**

Over the last 5 years the town has incurred the following General Fund Debt:

1. 2012

\$ 2,010,000

2. 2013

2,555,000

3. 2014

12,858,000

4. 2015

5,917,000

5. 2016

2,401,000

**AVERAGE:** 

\$ 5,183,200

#### RECOMMENDED FY 18 BUDGET GUIDELINE

The Finance Committee, Town Departments and School Committee will work collaboratively to develop an FY 18 budget that:

- 1. Funds high quality municipal and educational services.
- 2. Maintains Wayland's competitive ranking within the area real estate market.
- 3. Maintains the Town's favorable credit rating by limiting the use of free cash and building cash reserves, aggressively funding OPEB and maintaining debt below 10% of operating budget.

#### Strategies to fulfill this guideline include:

- 1. Maintain the goal of a 2.5% maximum increase in the total General Fund operating budget. Aim to stay close to the 2.5% goal annually and remain under the goal on average over 5 years.
- 2. Provide an alternative, comprehensive FY 18 budget projection showing full picture of all general fund revenues and operating and capital expenses.
- 3. Continue to review and improve the process for capital planning and funding to insure prudent debt management through a comprehensive, credible, consistent and continuous forward plan.
- 4. Limit the use of free cash for all purposes to an amount that will increase cash reserves to an amount in excess of the Moody's benchmark.
- 5. Maintain debt service under 10% of the operating budget and adhere to the debt policy.

# FY 18 BUDGET PROCESS: ADMINISTRATIVE ROLE

- 1) Request that town department operating budgets be based on what is required to maintain services at current levels.
- 2) Identify and plan for any fixed new expenses in the Town departmental and unclassified budgets.
- 3) Identify and plan for any discretionary new personnel and programs that will improve town departmental services.
- 4) Identify and incorporate new or increased sources of revenue, efficiencies and cuts in expenditures through the budget process.
- 5) Continue to review and improve the process for capital planning and funding to insure prudent debt management through a comprehensive, credible, consistent and continuous forward plan.
- Maintain communication with the School Superintendent and Finance Committee about budget challenges and opportunities for the FY 18 school budget. An initial discussion is planned with School Superintendent, School Committee representatives, Town Administrator and Finance Committee liaison on September 7<sup>th</sup>.
- 7) Manage a process with department heads to make budget cuts if required.

### GOING FORWARD, WORKING TOGETHER

- ✓ The Town Administrator and Finance Director's recommended FY 18 Budget Guideline and fiscal management strategies are offered to the Finance Committee for consideration in establishing town fiscal policy for FY 18 and future years.
- ✓ The Finance Committee is asked to advise the Town Administrator and School Superintendent of its final adopted FY 18 Operating Budget Guideline.
- ✓ The Finance Director will provide ongoing staff support and financial analysis to the Finance Committee and act as the Committee's liaison to the Town Administrator and Department Heads.
- ✓ The Town Administrator and Financial Analyst will work together to manage the departmental process to develop recommended operating and capital budgets for the Finance Committee's review.
- ✓ The Finance Team will continue to work altogether with the Town Administrator to respond to the Finance Committee's information requests to develop the FY 18 Budget.

MANY THANKS TO BRIAN KEVENY, JOHN SENCHYSHYN, ELLEN BRIDEAU, ZOE PIERCE, ELIZABETH DOUCETTE AND SUSAN BOTTAN FOR THE EXCELLENT WORK THIS SUMMER IN ANALYZING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL POSITION AND PLANNING THE FY 18 BUDGET PROCESS!